

## **Instruction and Operation Manual**

**S421** 

Thermal Mass Flow Meter (Inline)



Dear Customer,

Thank you for choosing our product.

Please read this manual in full and carefully observe the operating instructions before starting up the device. The manufacturer cannot be held liable for any damage which occurs as a result of non-observance or non-compliance with this manual.

Should the device be tampered with in any manner other than a procedure which is described and specified in the manual, the warranty is void and the manufacturer is exempt from liability.

The device is designed exclusively for the described application.

SUTO offers no guarantee for suitability for any other purpose. SUTO is also not liable for consequential damage resulting from the delivery, capability, or use of this device.

Revision: 2025-3	

Last modifications: September, 2025

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1 Safety Instructions

## 1 Safety Instructions



Please observe all notes and instructions indicated in this manual. It contains essential information which must be observed before and during installation, operation, and maintenance. Therefore this instruction manual must be read carefully by the technician as well as by the responsible user / qualified personnel.

This instruction manual must be available at the operation site of the flow meter at any time. In case of any obscurities or questions, regarding this manual or the product, please contact the manufacturer.

#### **WARNING!**

#### Compressed air!

Any contact with quickly escaping air or bursting parts of the compressed air system can lead to serious injuries or even death!

- Do not exceed the maximum permitted pressure range (see devices label).
- Only use pressure-tight installation material.
- Avoid that persons get hit by escaping air or bursting parts of the instrument.
- The system must be pressureless during maintenance work.

#### **WARNING!**

## Voltage used for supply!

Any contact with energized parts of the product might lead to an electrical shock which can lead to serious injuries or even death!

- Consider all regulations for electrical installations.
- The system must be disconnected from any power supply during maintenance.
- Any electrical work on the system is only allowed by authorized qualified personal.



#### **ATTENTION!**

#### **Permitted operating parameters!**

Observe the permitted operating parameters. Any operation exceeding these parameters can lead to malfunctions and might lead to damage on the instrument or the system.

- Do not exceed the permitted operating parameters.
- Make sure the product is operated in its permitted limitations.
- Do not exceed or undercut the permitted storage and operating temperature and pressure.
- The product should be maintained and calibrated frequently, at least annually.

#### **General safety instructions**

- It is not allowed to use the product in explosive areas.
- Please observe the national regulations before/during installation and operation.

#### Remarks

- It is not allowed to disassemble the product.
- Always use a spanner to mount the product properly.

#### **ATTENTION!**

Measurement values can be affected by malfunction! The product must be installed properly and frequently maintained. Otherwise it might lead to wrong measurement values and wrong results.

- Always observe the direction of the flow when installing the device. The direction is indicated on the housing.
- Do not exceed the maximum operating temperature at the sensor tip.
- Avoid condensation on the sensor element as this will affect accuracy enormously.

1 Safety Instructions

#### Storage and transportation

- Make sure that the transportation temperature of the device without the display is between -30 ... +70°C and with the display between -10 ... +60°C.
- For storage and transportation, it is recommended to use the packaging which comes with the device.
- Please make sure that the storage temperature of the device is between -10 ... +50°C.
- Avoid direct UV and solar radiation during storage.
- For the storage, the humidity must be <90% with no condensation.

## 2 Registered Trademarks

Trademark	Trademark owner
SUTO <sup>B</sup>	SUTO ITEC
MODBUS <sup>B</sup>	Modbus Organization, Hopkinton, USA
Android™, Google Play	Google LLC



## 3 RF Exposure Information and Statement

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 cm between the radiator and your body.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device might not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that might cause undesired operation.

**Remark**: The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or TV interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

**Remark**: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, might cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.
- This device and its antenna(s) must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

4 Application

## 4 Application

The S421 is the inline-type flow meter that is designed to measure the consumption of compressed air and gases within the permissible operating parameters. (See chapter <u>6 Technical Data</u> on the next page.9

The S421 can measure the following values:

- Volume flow of the compressed air or gas (default unit: m<sup>)</sup>/h)
- Total consumption of the compressed air or gas (default unit: m)9

Other units can be configured by using the S4C-FS service app or the optional device display.

The S421 flow meter is mainly used in compressed air systems in industrial environment, and is not developed to be used in explosive areas. For the use in explosive areas, please contact the manufacturer.

#### **5** Features

- Inline type flow meter for high accuracy in small tube diameters
- Thermal mass flow measurement, virtually independent of pressure and temperature changes
- IP65 casing for robust protection in the industrial environment.
- · Very fast response time
- Particularly suitable for measuring process gases such as Ar,  $O_{\rm g}$ ,  $CO_{\rm g}$  etc
- Optional display, showing velocity, volume flow, and consumption
- Various signal output options, such as analog and pulse, Modbus/RTU, or Modbus/TCP
- Optional Power over Ethernet (PoE) for the Modbus TCP output
- Two gas calibrations (optional)



## 6 Technical Data

## 6.1 General

CE FC FCC ID: 2ASK2-	SUTO-001	
Parameters	Standard unit (flow):	m <sup>)</sup> /h
	Other units (flow):	m <sup>)</sup> /min, l/min, l/s, cfm, kg/h, kg/min, kg/s
	Units (Consumption):	m <sup>)</sup> , ft <sup>3</sup> , kg
Reference conditions	ISO1217 20°C 1000 hPa ( DIN1343 0°C 1013.25 hPa	
Principle of measurement	Thermal mass flow	
Sensor	Glass-coated resistive sens	sor
Measuring medium	Air, gas (non-corrosive gas	5)
Measuring range	See table in section 6.5	
Operating temperature -30 +140°C fluid temperature -30 +70°C casing -10 +50°C display (optional)		
Humidity of the measured medium	< 90%, no condensation	
Operating pressure	0 1.6 Mpa(g), optional:	4.0 MPa(g9
Housing material	PC + ABS	
Material of the shaft device head (welded parts)	Stainless steel 1.4404 (SU	S 316L)
Protection class	IP65	
Dimensions	See dimensional drawing of	on page <u>+)</u>
Display (optional)	2.4" color graphics display	with keypad
Tube diameter	DN15 DN80	
Weight	S421 without measuring s	ection: 0.6 kg
	S421 + DN15 measuring s	ection (Thread): 1.0 kg
	S421 + DN&' measuring s	ection (Thread): 1.1 kg
	S421 + DN&5 measuring s	ection (Thread): 1 kg
	S421 + DN)& measuring s	ection (Thread): &.0 kg
	S421 + DN1' measuring s	ection (Thread): && kg
	S421 + DN5' measuring s	ection (Thread): &.9 kg

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6 Technical Data

S421 + DN65 measuring section (Thread): 3.5 kg
S421 + DN0' measuring section (Thread): 4.& kg
S421 + DN15 measuring section (Flange): 2.4 kg
S421 + DN&' measuring section (Flange): 3.1 kg
S421 + DN&5 measuring section (Flange): 4.2 kg
S421 + DN)& measuring section (Flange): 5.6 kg
S421 + DN1' measuring section (Flange): 7.5 kg
S421 + DN50 measuring section (Flange): 8.0 kg
S421 + DN4( measuring section (Flange): 10.3 kg
S421 + DN80 measuring section (Flange): 13.3 kg

#### **6.2 Electrical Data**

Power supply	15 30 VDC, 200 mA
	44 57 VDC, 120 mA (PoE)

## **6.3 Output-Signals**

Analogue output	Signal: 4 20 mA, isolated Scaling: 0 to max flow Max load: 250R
Pulse output	1 pulse per consumption unit, isolated switch, max. 30 VDC, 200 mA pulse length: 10 120 ms, depends on flow rate
Modbus output	See section 10.3 Modbus Interface.

## **6.4 Accuracy**

Accuracy*	$\pm 1.5\%$ of RDG L 0.3% FS Optional high accuracy: $\pm 1\%$ of RDG $\pm$ 0.3% FS Temperature drift: < 0.05%/K
Stated accuracy at	Ambient/process temperature 23°C ± 3°C Ambient/process humidity <90% Process pressure at 0.6 MPa(g)
Repeatability	±0.25% of reading
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KSpecified accuracy is valid only within the minimum and maximum flow rates that are indicated in section 6.5.

**Note**: The total consumption value is saved to the permanent memory every 5 minutes. If within the 5 minutes the device is powered off, it will restore the last consumption which was saved in the last cycle.



## **6.5 Volumetric Flow Ranges**

Inch 5'		Flow range (m³/h)		Inch	nch 5' Flow ran (m³/h)		
MN	DN15	0.5 90		+MN	DN40	3 700	
ON	DN20	0.9 170	_	&N	DN50	4 1,000	
+N	DN25	1.5 290		&MN	DN65	6 1,500	
+PN	DN32	2 500	_	)N	DN80	8 2,500	

**Remarks**: Measuring ranges are stated under following conditions:

· Standard flow in air

• Reference pressure: 1000 hPa

• Reference Temperature: +20°C

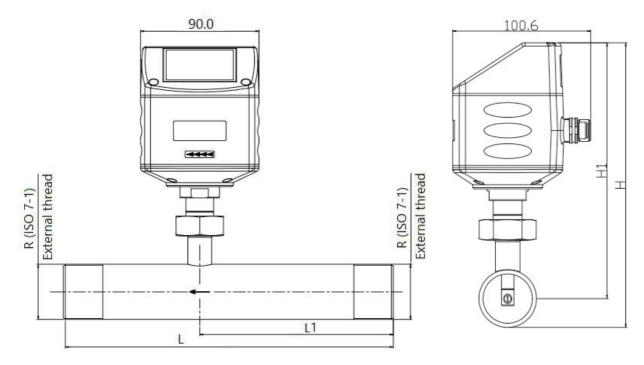
To calculate flow ranges based on pipe sizes and reference conditions in your site, SUTO offers the "Flow Range Calculator" tool for free. The tool can be used online from <a href="http://www.suto-itec.com">http://www.suto-itec.com</a> by clicking **Support** > **Flow Range Calculator**.

**Note**: Due to manufacturing tolerances in the measuring sections, the actual inner diameter may vary slightly. Consequently, the maximum flow range of each delivered flow meter can differ by up to  $\pm 1.5\%$  from the calculated value. This variation is purely dimensional and does not affect the instrument's specified accuracy.



## 7 Dimensional Drawing

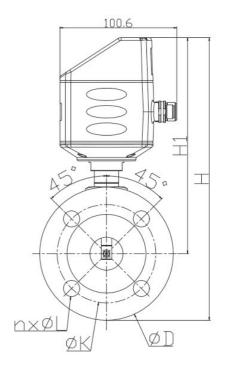
## Thread type



Туре	Pipe nominal size inch(DN)	* total length [mm]	*+ inlet length [mm]	H total height [mm]	D+ from pipe center to casing top [mm]	\$ External thread
S421-1/2"	1/2"/(DN15)	)''	&+'	197.4	186.7	R 1/2"
S421-3/4"	3/4"/(DN20)	1-(	&-(	200.2	186.7	R 3/4"
S421-1"	1"/(DN25)	1-(	<b>&amp;-</b> (	203.6	186.7	R 1"
S421-1 1/4"	1 1/4"/ (DN32)	1-(	&-(	207.9	186.7	R 1 1/4"
S421-1 1/2"	1 1/2"/ (DN40)	1-(	&-(	210.9	186.7	R 1 1/2"
S421-2"	2"/(DN50)	1-(	&-(	216.9	186.7	R 2"
S421-2 1/2"	&.5"/(DN65)	1-(	<b>&amp;-</b> (	232.7	194.6	R 2 1/2"
S421-3"	3"/(DN80)	1-(	<b>&amp;-</b> (	245.5	201.0	R 3"



## Flange type



Type	Pine	Pipe *		Н	D+ <sub>H</sub> from	Flange (EN 1092-1 PN40)		
	nominal total inlet to size length length he	total height [mm]	pipe center to casing top [mm]	ØD (mm)	VH (mm)	n x ØL (mm)		
S421-1/2"	1/2"(DN15)	)''	&+'	8)1.2	+04.7	3(	4(	1 V+1
S421-3/4"	):1J: (DN20)	1-(	<b>&amp;-</b> (	239.2	186.7	+'(	-(	1 V+1
S421-1"	1"/(DN25)	1-(	&-(	244.2	186.7	++(	0(	1 V+1
S421-1 1/4"	++:1J: (DN32)	1-(	&-(	256.7	186.7	+1'	+''	1 V+0
S421-1 1/2"	++:&J: (DN40)	1-(	&-(	261.7	186.7	+('	++'	1 V+0
S421-2"	2"/(DN50)	1-(	&-(	269.2	186.7	+4(	+&(	1 V+0
S421-2 1/2"	2 1/2"/ (DN65)	1-(	&-(	287.1	194.6	+0(	+1(	0 V+0
S421-3"	3"/(DN80)	1-(	&-(	)'+	201.0	&''	+4'	0 V+0

Pipe nominal	nominal lengt		H total	D+ from pipe center to	Flange (ANSI/B16.5 class 300)		
inch(DN)	h [mm]	[mm]	[mm]	casing top [mm]	ØD (mm)	VH (mm)	n x ØL (mm)
+:&J: (DN15)	)''	&+'	234.2	186.7	95.2	66.5	4xØ15.7
):1J: (DN20)	1-(	&-(	245.4	186.7	117.3	82.5	1 V+3
+J: (DN25)	1-(	&-(	248.7	186.7	123.9	88.9	1 V+3
1-1/4"/ (DN32)	1-(	&-(	253.4	186.7	133.3	98.5	1 V+3
1-1/2"/ (DN40)	1-(	&-(	264.4	186.7	155.4	114.3	4xØ22.3
&J: (DN50)	1-(	&-(	269.3	186.7	165.1	127.0	1 V+3
2 1/2"/ (DN65)	1-(	&-(	289.9	194.6	190.5	149.3	8xØ22.3
)J: (DN80)	1-(	&-(	305.8	201.0	209.5	168.1	8xØ22.3
	nominal size inch(DN)  +:&J: (DN15) ):1J: (DN20) +J: (DN25) 1-1/4"/ (DN32) 1-1/2"/ (DN40) &J: (DN50) 2 1/2"/ (DN65) )J:	Pipe nominal size h [engt h [mm]]  +:&J: (DN15)	Pipe nominal size inch(DN)	Pipe nominal size inch(DN)       total lengt h inlet length height length length length height length	Pipe nominal size inch(DN)       total lengt h inlet size inch(DN)       **+ H inlet total length height length height (asing top mm)       from pipe center to casing top mm]         +:&J: (DN15)       )"       &+'       234.2       186.7         ):1J: (DN20)       1-(       &-(       245.4       186.7         +J: (DN25)       1-(       &-(       248.7       186.7         1-1/4"/ (DN32)       1-(       &-(       253.4       186.7         1-1/2"/ (DN40)       1-(       &-(       264.4       186.7         &J: (DN50)       1-(       &-(       269.3       186.7         &J: (DN50)       1-(       &-(       289.9       194.6         )J: 1-(       &-(       289.9       194.6	Pipe nominal size inch(DN)	Pipe nominal size inch(DN)         total lengt h milet inch(DN)         *+ inlet length h meight (mm)         Hotal length height (mm)         from pipe center to casing top (mm)         #/ (mm)

#### 8 Determine the Installation Point

To maintain the accuracy stated in the technical data, the device must be installed inline and fitted to tubes with the same diameter. Please make sure that it has unhindered flow characteristics.

Unhindered flow characteristics are achieved if the section in front of the device (inlet) and behind the device (outlet) are sufficiently long, absolutely straight, and free of obstructions such as edges, seams, curves etc..

Please consider that enough space exists at your site for an adequate installation as described in this manual.

#### **ATTENTION!**

A wrong measurement is possible if the device is not installed correctly.

#### Notes%

- Careful attention must be paid to the design of the inlet and outlet section. Obstructions can cause counter-flow turbulence as well as turbulence in the direction of the flow.
- The flow meter is for indoor use only! At an outdoor installation, the flow meter must be protected from solar radiation and rain.
- It is strongly recommended not to install S421 permanently in a wet environment such as the place right after a compressor outlet.

## 8.1 Add the Required Inlet and Outlet Sections

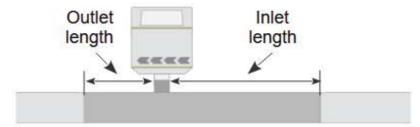
The thermal measuring principle is sensible to inlet and outlet conditions. It is recommended that the following minimum straight inlet and outlet sections must be maintained to ensure an accurate measurement.

Flow meters should be always installed upstream from obstacles such as valves, filter, reductions etc. In common the device should be installed as far as possible away from any disturbances.

The S421 comes with straight inlet and outlet sections. Nevertheless, depending on the installation conditions, additional straight inlet and outlet sections must be added to the measuring section to meet the minimum inlet requirements.



The length of the additional inlet and outlet sections depend on the pipe inner diameter, inlet length, and outlet length.



Inlet length and outlet length indicate the straight inlet section and outlet section equipped on the S421.

Pipe size	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN32	DN40	DN50	DN65	DN80
Pipe inner diameter (mm)	16.1	21.7	27.3	36.0	41.9	53.1	68.9	80.9
Inlet length (mm)	210.0	275.0	275.0	275.0	275.0	275.0	275.0	275.0
Outlet length (mm)	90.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0

Refer to the installation types below and select your additional straight inlet and outlet sections from the table. These must be taken into account on site during installation.

## 1. Slight curve (bend < 90>)

 $A = 15 \times Inner diameter - Inlet length$ 

 $B = 5 \times Inner diameter - Outlet length$ 

A: additional straight inlet section B: additional straight outlet section

Pipe size	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN32	DN40	DN50	DN65	DN80
2 (mm)	)'	('	+)'	&-'	)('	(&'	-4'	31'
B (mm)	1	ı	1	1	+'	_'	+1'	&''



## 2. Expansion, reduction, and the 90° bend

 $A = 20 \times Inner diameter - Inlet length$ 

 $B = 5 \times Inner diameter - Outlet length$ 

A: additional straight inlet section B: additional straight outlet section

Expansion

Reduction

90° bend

Pipe size	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN32	DN40	DN50	DN65	DN80
2 (mm)	++'	+4'	&-'	1('	(4'	-3'	++"	+)1'
B (mm)	1	1	ı	1	+'	_'	+1'	&''



### 3. 2 X 90° bend and T-piece

 $A = 25 \times Inner diameter - Inlet length$ 

 $B = 5 \times Inner diameter - Outlet length$ 

A: additional straight inlet section B: additional straight outlet section

2 x 90° bend

T-piece

Pipe size	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN32	DN40	DN50	DN65	DN80
2 (mm)	+3'	&-'	1+'	4)'	'	+'('	+1('	+-('
B (mm)	ı	1	ı	'	+'	_'	+1'	&''



#### 4. 3 dimensional bend

 $A = 40 \times Inner diameter - Inlet length$ 

 $B = 5 \times Inner diameter - Outlet length$ 

A: additional straight inlet section B: additional straight outlet section

Pipe size	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN32	DN40	DN50	DN65	DN80
2 (mm)	1)'	(3'	0&'	++-'	+1"	+0('	&10'	&34'
B (mm)	T	1	ı	1	+'	_'	+1'	&''

## 5. Shut-off valve and filter or similar (unknown objects)

 $A = 50 \times Inner diameter - Inlet length$ 

 $B = 5 \times Inner diameter - Outlet length$ 

A: additional straight inlet section B: additional straight outlet section

Shut-off valve



Filter or similar (unknown objects)

Pipe size	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN32	DN40	DN50	DN65	DN80
2 (mm)	1	0+'	+'3'	+()'	+0&'	&)0'	)+-'	)'
B (mm)	1	1	1	1	+'	_'	+1'	&''

#### Notes:

- If there is any combination of the situations above, the longest straight inlet section must be maintained.
- The length of inlet and outlet sections depicted above are minimum requirement; longer inlet sections are preferable. That is, if it is possible to achieve a longer straight inlet section than the minimum specified during installation, this is preferable.
- When the required straight inlet section cannot be achieved, it is recommended to add a flow conditioner at the inlet of the flow meter to obtain an optimum flow profile. For introduction of the flow conditioner, see Appendix - Flow Conditioner.



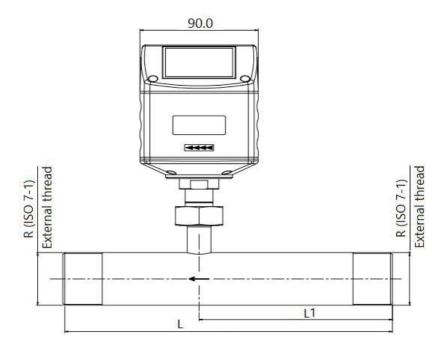
#### 9 Installation

Before installing, make sure that all components listed below are included in your package.

Qty	Description	Item No.
+	S421 Thermal Mass Flow Meter	S695 4120 / S695 4121
+	Sealing ring	I 2
&	Depending on orders: M12 plug or M12 cable	Plug: C219 0059 Cable: A553 0104/A553 0105/A553 0146
+	Instruction manual	I 2
+	Calibration certificate	I 2
+	Measuring section	A1301 A1308 (R thread) A1321 A1328 (Flange, EN-1092-1) A1341 A1348 (Flange, ANSI 16.5)

#### 9.1 Install the Flow Meter

The S421 is shipped with a mounted measurement section. The flow meter must be installed correctly to the flow direction in the tube. When you face the S421 display, the gas must flow from the left to the right. Observe the flow direction indicated on the housing. Make sure that the flow direction matches the flow direction of the gas. The gas flows from the inlet (long pipe section) to the outlet (short pipe section), as illustrated in the picture below.



Note: The flow meter can be installed in any orientation (horizontal,

9 Installation

vertical, side and upside-down). Please consider the needed straight inlet and outlet sections described in section 8.1 Add the Required Inlet and Outlet Sections.

#### 9.2 Remove the Flow Meter

The following describes how to remove the flow meter appropriately.

#### **ATTENTION!**

Remove the flow meter only when the system is in a pressureless condition.



- 1. Hold the flow meter.
- 2. Release the connection nut at the connection thread.
- 3. Pull out the shaft slowly.
- 4. The measuring section can be closed with the optional closing cap so that the system can operate normally during maintenance of the flow meter.



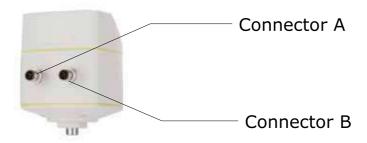
Re-installation after maintenance:

- 1. Place the O-ring into the recess of the connection nut.
- Insert the flow meter back to the pipe. (The S421 comes with the Poka-Yoke design for simple and error-free insertion.)
- 3. Tighten the connection nut.



#### 9.3 Electrical Connection

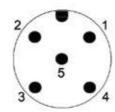
The flow meter comes with external connectors "A" and "B" through which the flow meter is connected with external control devices such as PLC.



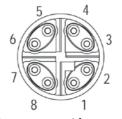
## 9.3.1 M12 Connector Types

The following table lists the type of the M12 connector based on the output option.

!8'	Output option	Connector type
2+1+'	4 20 mA + Pulse	A = M12 (5-pin); B = M12 (5-pin)
2+1++	Modbus/RTU	A = M12 (5-pin); B = M12 (5-pin)
2+1+)	4 20 mA + Pulse compatible to S400	A = M12 (5-pin); B = M12 (5-pin)
2+1&1	Modbus/TCP	A = M12 (5-pin); B = M12 (8-pin X-coded)
2+1+1	M-Bus + 4 20 mA + Pulse Pin compatible to S400	A = M12 (5-pin); B = M12 (5-pin)



General connection pins, male (View onto the connector)



Ethernet connection pins, male (View onto the connector)

**SIT**(6)

## M12 pin assignment

Output Type	Connector	Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4	Pin 5
4 20mA plus	2	SDI	-V <sub>C</sub>	>6 <sub>B</sub>	DIR	DIR
pulse (P/N: A1410)	С	I:2	SW	SW	>,isolated	- $\mathbf{I}_{isolated}$
Modbus/RTU	2	SDI	-V <sub>C</sub>	>6 <sub>c</sub>	DIR	DIR
(P/N: A1411)	С	GND <sub>7</sub>	-V <sub>C</sub>	>6 <sub>c</sub>	D+	D-
4 20mA+pulse, compatible to S400	2	SDI	-V <sub>C</sub>	>6 <sub>c</sub>	>, active	$+P_{\text{active}}$
(P/N: A1413)	С	I2	-V <sub>C</sub>	DIR	SW	SW
Modbus/TCP	2	SDI	-V <sub>C</sub>	>6 <sub>c</sub>	DIR	DIR
(P/N: A1424)	С		Se	e sectio	n <u>9.3.2</u> .	
M-Bus + 4 20 mA	2	SDI	-V <sub>C</sub>	>6 <sub>c</sub>	>, active	$+P_{active}$
+ Pulse Pin compatible to S400 (P/N: A1414)	С	I2	<b>-V</b> <sub>C</sub>	>6 <sub>c</sub>	M-Bus	M-Bus
Wire color	:	Brown	White	Blue	Black	Grey

## Legend to pin assignment

SDI	Digital signal (internal use)
-V <sub>C</sub>	Negative supply voltage
>6 <sub>c</sub>	Positive supply voltage
DIR	Flow direction input (Flow direction switch)
SW	Isolated pulse output (switch)
>, isolated	Positive 4 20 mA signal (isolated)
-I <sub>isolated</sub>	Negative 4 20 mA signal (isolated)
GND <sub>7</sub>	Ground for Modbus/RTU
D+	Modbus/RTU data +
D-	Modbus/RTU data -
M-Bus	M-Bus data
>, active	Active 4 20 mA signal (related to - $V_c$ 9
$+P_{active}$	Active pulse ouput (related to -V <sub>c</sub> 9
I :2	Not applicable



#### **ATTENTION!**

Do not screw the M12 connector using force. Otherwise it might damage the connecting pins.

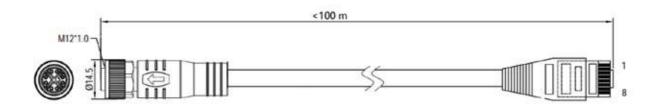
#### 9.3.2 Ethernet Connection

The flw meter can be powered in the following ways:

- Using connector A
- Using the PoE (Power over Ethernet) function, which is integrated into the Ethernet connection on connector B.
   To power the unit via PoE, a network switch that supports PoE is needed. PoE comes into two standards:
  - Type A: The PoE switch powers the device via Pair 2 (Pin 1 and Pin 2) and Pair 3 (Pin 3 and Pin 6)
  - Type B: The PoE switch powers the device via Pair 1 (Pin 4 and Pin 5) and Pair4 (Pin 7 and Pin 8)
    This flow meter supports both types.

#### Connection cable - M12 X-coded to RJ45

When Modbus/TCP is chosen as the flow meter output, a 5 m 8-pore cable is supplied in the delivery package. The cable has the M12 and RJ45 plugs on the ends. RJ45 is used to connect the flow meter to a PoE switch.





Front view of the M12 connector, female

9 Installation

The 8-position pin/pair assignment on the RJ45 side must comply with the T568B wiring method. The flow meter does not support T568A wiring method.

M12 X-coded	RJ45	Signal	Color code	Pair designation	
+	+ +		White-Orange (W-O)	D=: 2	
<u>&amp;</u>	&	$Tx-/+V_C/-V_C$	Orange (O)	Pair 2	
)	)	$Rx+/-V_C/+V_C$	White-Green (W-G)	Pair 3	
1	4	$Rx-/-V_C/+V_C$	Green (G)	Pall 3	
(	-	NA / -V <sub>C</sub>	White-Brown (W-BR)	Pair 4	
4	4 0		Brown (BR)	Pall 4	
- (		NA/ +V <sub>C</sub>	White-Blue (W-BL)	Dein 1	
8	4	NA/ +V <sub>C</sub>	Blue (BL)	Pair 1	



## 10 Signal Outputs

#### 10.1 Analog Output

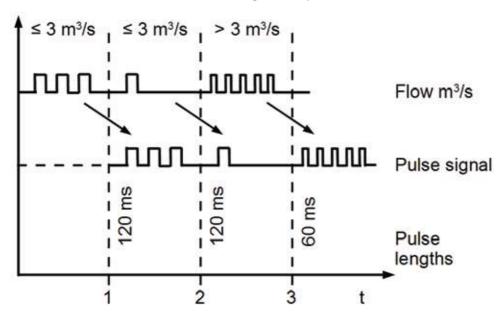
The flow meter can provide an analog output of 4 ... 20 mA. This output can be scaled to match the desired measuring range. The standard scaling is from 0 to max flow.

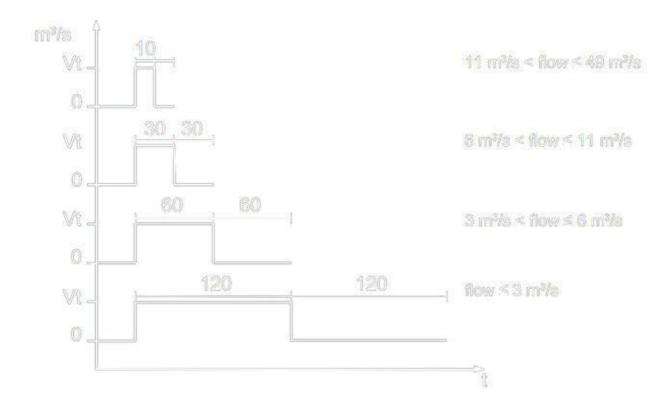
The corresponding flow rates to different pipe sizes can be calculated using the free "Flow range calculator" tool available in http://www.suto-itec.com. For more information about how to download, see section <u>6.5</u>.

For other ranges, please contact the manufacturer.

#### 10.2 Pulse Output

The flow meter outputs one pulse per a consumption unit. This pulse output can be connected to an external pulse counter to count the total consumption. The number of m<sup>)</sup> per second is summed up and indicated after one second. Pulse length depends on flow rate.





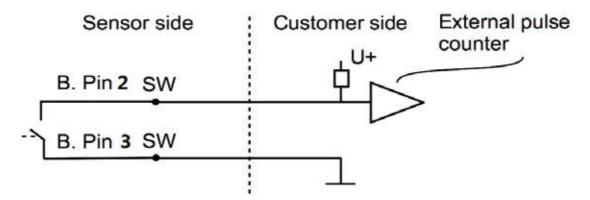
If the flow rate is too high, the S421 cannot output the pulses with default settings (one pulse per consumption unit). In this case, you can set the pulse to 1 pulse per 10 consumption units or 1 pulse per 100 consumption units, using the S4C-FS service App (S4C-FS) or a connected display.

Example: with setting of 1 pulse per  $10 \text{ m}^{3}$ , the flow meter sends one pulse each  $10 \text{ m}^{3}$ .

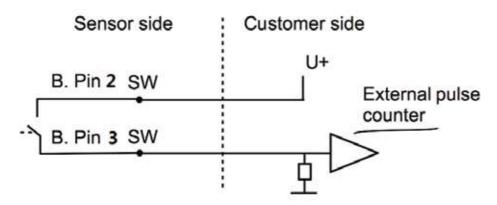
Volumetric flow [m²/sG	Volumetric flow [m²/hG	Pulse length [ms]	Max. pulse output per hour
≦ 3	<b>≦ 10800</b>	+&'	+'0'
> 3	> 10800	4'	<b>&amp;</b> 00'
> 6	> 21600	)'	)34'

# 10.2.1 Pulse Connection Diagrams (A1410) Using the isolated pulse switch (Connector B: Pin 2 and 3)

Variant 1:

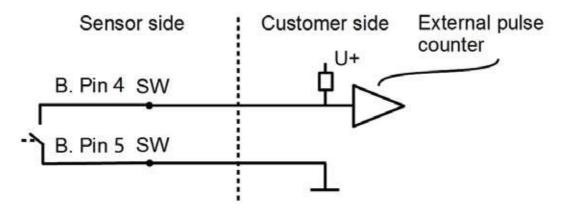


#### Variant 2:



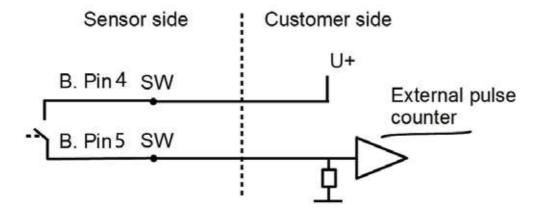
# 10.2.2 Pulse Connection Diagrams (A1413) Using the isolated pulse switch (Connector B: Pin 4 and 5)

Variant 1:



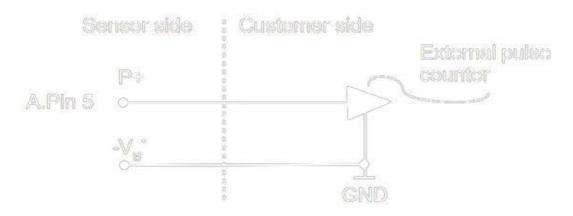
10 Signal Outputs

#### Variant 2:

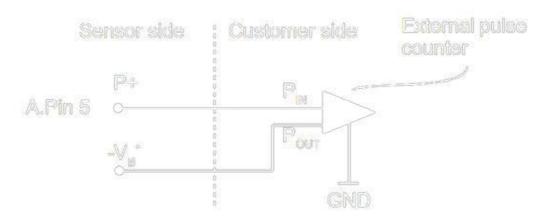


## Using the Pulse Output P+ (Connector A: Pin 5)

#### Variant 1:



#### Variant 2:



<sup>\*</sup>GND of the external pulse counter might be connected to  $-V_{\text{c}}$  of the flow meter.



#### 10.3 Modbus Interface

#### 10.3.1 Modbus Information

The default settings of the Modbus interface are as follows:

#### **Communication parameters (Modbus/RTU)**

Baud rate % +38"

Device address % Last two digits of serial number

Framing / parity / stop bit % 8, N, 1

Response time % 1 second

Response delay % 0 ms

Inter-frame spacing % 7 char

#### **Communication parameters (Modbus/TCP)**

DHCP % Yes

MAC % Set ex-factory

IP address % Dynamic or Static

Subnet % Dynamic or Static

Gateway % Dynamic or Static

Timeout % \_ 200 ms

## Response message that the device returns to the master:

• Function code: 03

The information of the byte order is shown in the table below:

Byte Order	Sequence				
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Туре
1-0-3-2	Byte 1 87777777K9	Byte 0 (MMMMMMM *)	Byte 3 &SEEEEEEE)	Byte 2 (EMMMMMM *)	FLOAT
1-0-3-2	Byte 1	Byte 0 LSB	Byte 3 MSB	Byte 2	UINT32 INT32
1-0	Byte 1 MSB	Byte 0 LSB			UINT16 INT16
1-0	Byte 1 XXX *	Byte 0 DATA			UINT8 INT8

<sup>\*</sup> S: Sign, E: Exponent, M: Mantissa, XXX: no value

10 Signal Outputs

#### **Explanations of MSB and LSB**

MSB MSB refers to Most Significant Byte first, which follows the Big-Endian byte order.

For example, if the main system follows the MSB first order: When the 4-byte floating number, in the order of Byte1-Byte0-Byte3-Byte2, is received from the slave (sensor), the master must change the byte order to Byte3-Byte2-Byte1-Byte0 for the correct display of the value.

LSB refers to Least Significant Byte first, which follows the Little-Endian byte order.

For example, if the main system follows the LSB first order: When the 4-byte floating number, in the order of Byte1-Byte0-Byte3-Byte2, is received from the slave (sensor), the master must change the byte order to Byte0-Byte1-Byte2-Byte3 for the correct display of the value.

#### **Notes:**

- Modbus communication settings as well as other settings can be changed by the service App S4C-FS or the optional device display.
- In the Modbus/TCP mode, a slave device does not support concurrent connections because it can respond to only one polling message at a time.

Available measurement channels (Modbus/RTU and Modbus/TCP)

Channel description	Resolution	Format	Length	Register address
Flow	0.1	FLOAT	4-Byte	4
Consumption	+	UINT32	4-Byte	0

## 10.3.2 Connect Modbus/RTU Devices to a Master

Sensors and devices with a Modbus/RTU output can be connected to a Modbus master device. This master can be either SUTO displays and gateways or any third-party Modbus/RTU master.

See below specifications of the Modbus/RTU connections.

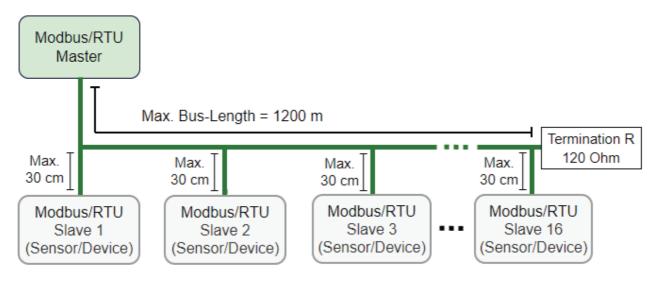


#### 10.3.2.1 Modbus/RTU Cable Length

A Modbus/RTU bus line has limitations which shall not be exceeded, otherwise the communication might not be stable.

- The maximum total bus length must not exceed 1200 m.
- The stub length to each node must not exceed 30 cm.

See the picture below for details.



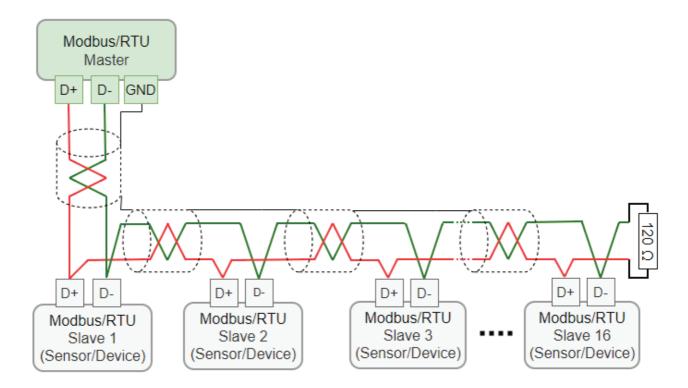
#### 10.3.2.2 Modbus/RTU Wiring and Cable Type

To ensure a stable communication a twisted-pair bus cable must be chosen to set up the Modbus/RTU communication.

- Bus-cable specifications must follow the EIA485 Standard, must be twisted pair and shielded, for example 2 x 2 x 0.22 mm<sup>8</sup>, Li-2YCY (A553 0123).
- The shield must be connected at one end to the master GND connection.
- At the end of the bus, a 120 Ohm resistor should be placed a termination resistor.

See the below picture for details.

10 Signal Outputs



#### 10.3.2.3 Daisy-Chain using RS-485 Splitter

SUTO devices with M12 connectors can be easily connected in a Modbus/RTU daisy-chain using a M12 RS-485 splitter (A554 3310). Furthermore this allows to easily place the M12 termination resistor (C219 0055) at the last splitter in the bus-chain.

See example below for reference.

Connect Modbus/RTU slaves with M12 connectors to a daisy-chain using M12 RS-485 splitters.

The M12 RS-485 splitter (A554 3310) comes with two M12 connectors to easily wire the chain.



#### 10.3.2.4 Topology of Modbus/RTU Daisy-Chain

The recommended bus topology is to connect devices as a daisy-chain, as shown in the figure in section 10.3.2.1 Modbus/RTU Cable Length. Other connection topologies are not recommended and should be avoided.

Avoid a connection of slaves to the master in ring or star topology.

Avoid a star topology

Avoid a ring topology

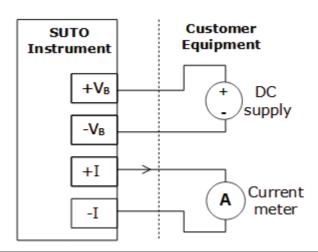
10 Signal Outputs

# **10.4** Connection between S421 Outputs and Customer Equipment

This section provides figures to show how outputs supported by the S421 connect with the customer equipment.

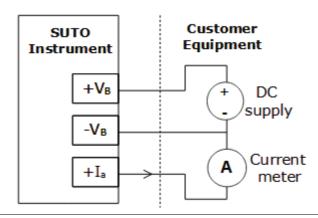
In the following figures, the **SUTO Instrument** indicates the S421.

Analog output (Isolated)



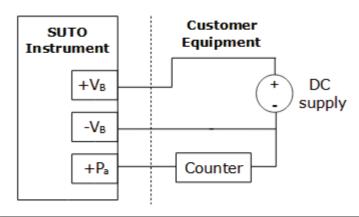
Analog output (3-wire)

**Note**: The output applies to option A1413.



Pulse output (active)

**Note**: The output applies to option A1413.

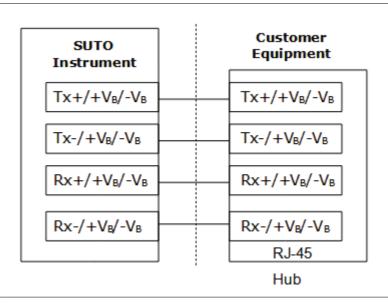




# Modbus/RTU output

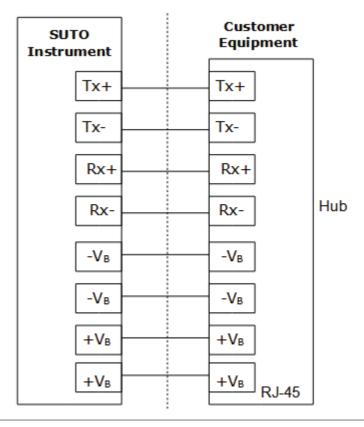
# Modbus/TCP output with PoE

## Class A



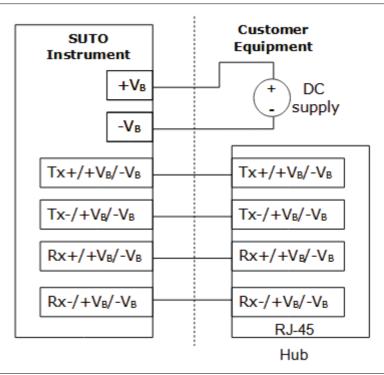
10 Signal Outputs

Class B

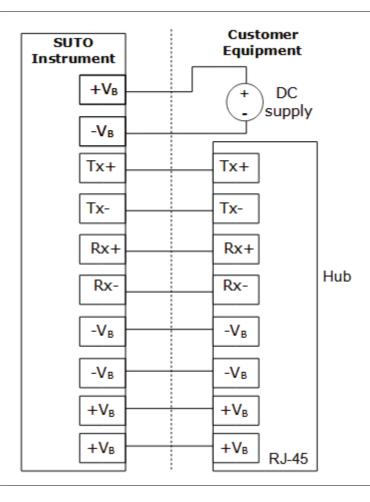


Modbus/TCP output with external power supply

Class A



Class B



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11 Configuration .5UC

## 11 Configuration

After the installation is completed, change the flow meter settings if needed using the S4C-FS service app or the device display (optional).

## 11.1 Service App S4C-FS

The S4C-FS is a mobile phone App that enables you to view measurement readings and change settings for SUTO flow meters wirelessly.

You can download S4C-FS from Google Play Store or SUTO website, and install it as you do for any Apps on your mobile phone.

For more information about the description of the flow meter settings, see the *S4C-FS Instruction and Operation Manual*, which you can download from our website (Download > Search: S4C-FS).

#### **ATTENTION!**

Improper changes in the settings might lead to wrong measurement results! Contact the manufacturer in case that you are not familiar with the settings.



# 11.2 Device Display (Optional)

The device display enables you to do the following:

- View the online flow and consumption values.
- View error messages.
- Change the flow meter settings.



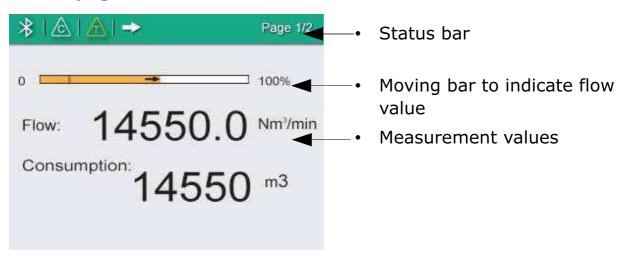
Enter key	Press for >3 seconds to enter the configuration mode.  Press to confirm your selection.
Up key	Press to choose a parameter item, entry box, or to
Down key	adjust the value.

11 Configuration

### 11.2.1 Start-up

After powering up, the display starts an initialization procedure. During the next eight seconds, the display will show the current software version and set up the connection with the flow meter. After it is completed, the display enters the standard mode, showing the online values as below.

#### Home page



#### Icons shown in the status bar

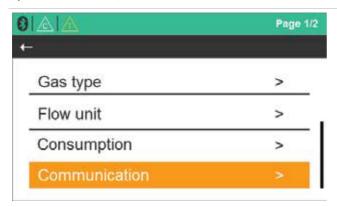
Indicate status or warnings for the flow meter in service.

Icon Description	Icon Description
Temperature over operating range	Pressure sensor damaged
Flow over measuring range	Temperature sensor damaged
Pressure over operating range	Flow direction

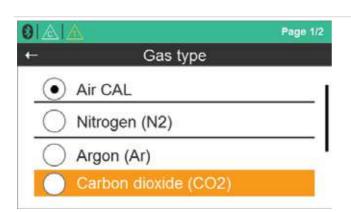


### 11.2.2 Operations

On the display, you can do the following settings: select gas type, select flow unit, reset consumption value, configure communication parameters, and more.



- 1. Press the "Enter" key for more than 3 seconds to enter the configuration mode.
- 2. Enter the unlock code: 12 using the "Up" and "Down" keys, and then press the "Enter" key to confirm.
- 3. Use the "Up" and "Down" keys to choose a setting that needs to be changed.



- 4. Use the "Up" and "Down" keys to select the desired entry box or adjust the values.
- 5. Press the "Enter" key to confirm the changes.

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11 Configuration .5UC

#### 11.3 Perform Zero Flow Calibration

Use one of the following ways to perform the zero flow calibration: on the S4C-FS App or on the flow meter display.

# 11.3.1 On S4C-FS App

1. Click Calibration.

2. Click Zero Flow Calibration.

3. Attention message shows the recommended case for zero flow calibration. Click **Next** to perform the calibration.



# 11.3.2 On Flow Meter Display



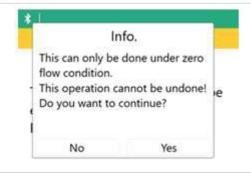
1. Click Calibration.



The original zero point would be erased.

Press enter key to continue...

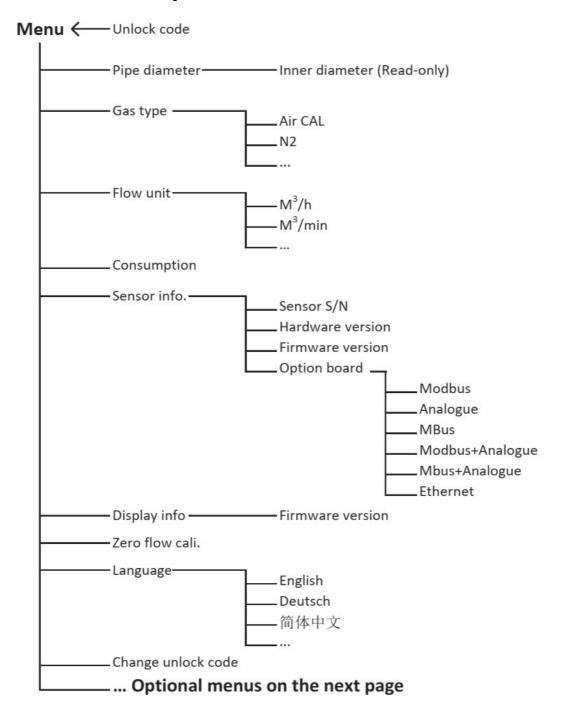
2. Information page shows the original zero point would be erased, press **enter** key to continue.



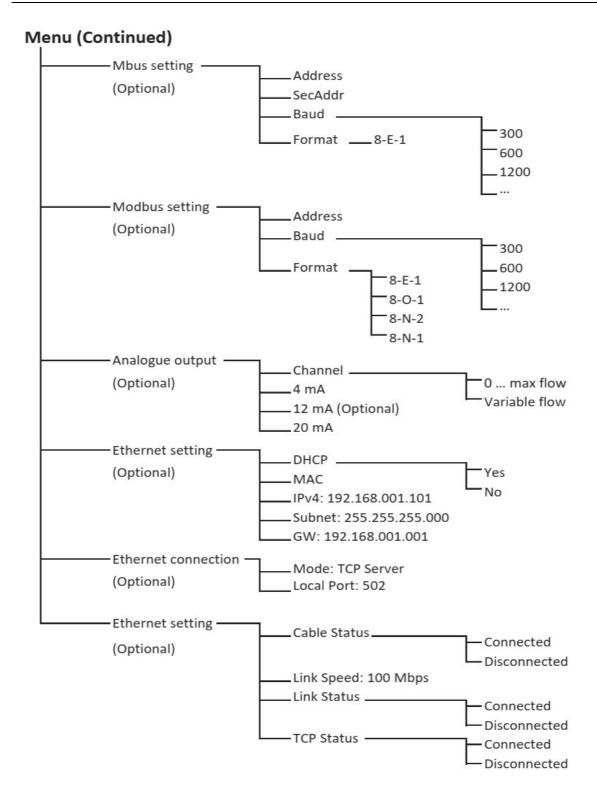
3. On the pop-up window, select **Yes** to perform the zero flow calibration.

11 Configuration

## 11.3.3 Menu Map







12 Calibration

#### 12 Calibration

The instrument is calibrated ex-work. The exact calibration date is printed on the certificate which is supplied together with the flow meter. The accuracy of the flow meter is regulated by the onsite conditions, and parameters such as oil, high humidity, or other impurities can affect the calibration and the accuracy.

It is recommended the instrument be calibrated at least once per year. The calibration is excluded from the instrument warranty. For more information about the calibration service, please contact the manufacturer.

#### 13 Maintenance

To clean the device, it is recommended to use distilled water or isopropyl alcohol only.

#### **ATTENTION!**

Do not touch the surface of the sensor element to avoid damage!

Avoid mechanical impact on the device. For example, use a sponge or a brush to clean the instrument#

If the contamination can not be removed, send the device to the manufacturer for inspection and maintenance.

# 14 Disposal of Waste



Electronic devices are recyclable material and do not belong in household waste.

The flow meter, the accessories, and its packings must be disposed of according to your local statutory requirements. The waste can also be carried by the manufacturer of the product. For this, please contact the manufacturer.



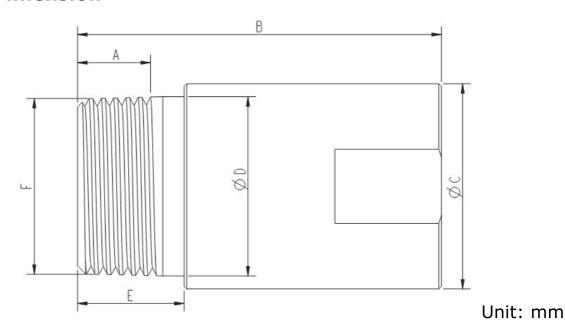
# 15 Appendix - Flow Conditioner

The flow conditioner is an essential component for installations where the straight inlet can not be maintained. The conditioner ensures accurate measurement by conditioning the flow before it reaches the flow meter.

The flow conditioner can reduce the minimum inlet straight section to the length of 5 to 8 times of pipe diameter. The conditioner works in a way that the resulted downstream conditions in the pipe are fully developed, independent from the upstream conditions.

**Note:** The flow conditioner is specifically designed to be mounted directly onto R-thread measuring sections.

#### 15.1 Dimension



Size	%	В	ФС	Φ5	0	F
DN15	≥ 13.2	56.0	29.0	21.4	17.0	\$+:&`
DN20	≥ 14.5	62.0	38.0	26.6	17.0	\$):1`
DN25	≥ 16.8	68.3	38.6	33.7	20.0	\$+`
DN32	≥ 19.1	81.7	52.6	42.4	25.0	R1-1/4"
DN40	≥ 19.1	86.8	64.4	48.4	25.0	R1-1/2"
DN50	≥ 23.4	105.7	79.1	59.5	29.0	R2-1/2"
DN65	≥ 26.7	130.0	104.0	75.8	36.0	\$)`
DN80	≥ 29.8	131.5	129.0	88.5	36.0	\$1`

#### 15.2 Installation

Follow the instructions below to ensure proper installation:

- Pre-installed configuration
  - If you have ordered the flow conditioner with the flow meter, it will be pre-installed at the factory. This means that the flow meter is calibrated together with the flow conditioner, ensuring optimum performance and accuracy right out of the box.
- Separate or retrofit installation and recalibration
  - In cases where the flow conditioner is purchased separately or as a retrofit to an existing installation, it is important to recalibrate the flow meter with the newly installed flow conditioner to ensure accurate measurements.
  - To recalibrate the flow meter, please contact your sales representative. They will provide further guidance and assistance to ensure that the recalibration process is carried out correctly.

By following these instructions, you can ensure that your flow conditioning system is properly installed and maintains the highest level of measurement accuracy.



# 15.3 Ordering Information

Item No.	Measuring section (R-thread)		
2+'-+	DN15		
2+'-&	DN20		
2+'-)	DN25		
2+'-1	DN32		
2+'-(	DN1'		
2+'-4	DN('		
2+'	DN4(		
2+'-0	DN0'		

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